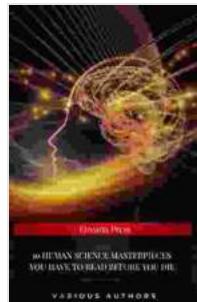


30 Human Science Masterpieces You Must Read Before You Die

What are the most important books that can help us understand the human condition? What works of literature, philosophy, and science have had the greatest impact on our understanding of ourselves and the world around us?

This list of 30 human science masterpieces is a starting point for anyone who wants to explore the depths of human knowledge. These books offer profound insights into the nature of human nature, the workings of society, and the meaning of life itself.



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by Sigmund Freud

4.6 out of 5

Language : English

File size : 10422 KB

Text-to-Speech : Enabled

Screen Reader : Supported

Enhanced typesetting : Enabled

Word Wise : Enabled

Print length : 7302 pages

FREE

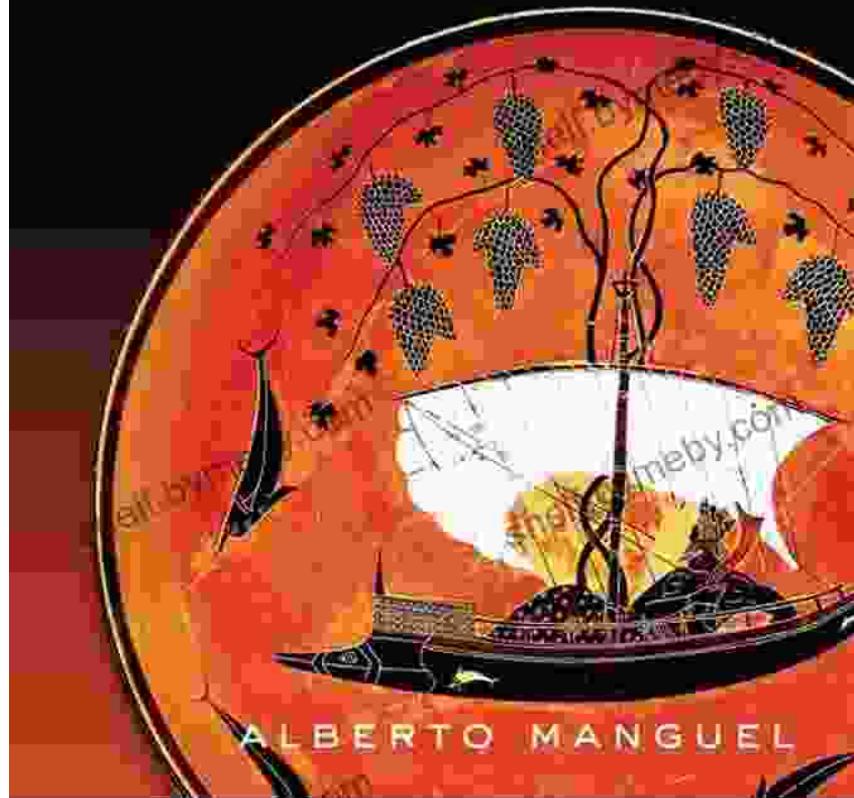
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1. The Iliad and The Odyssey by Homer

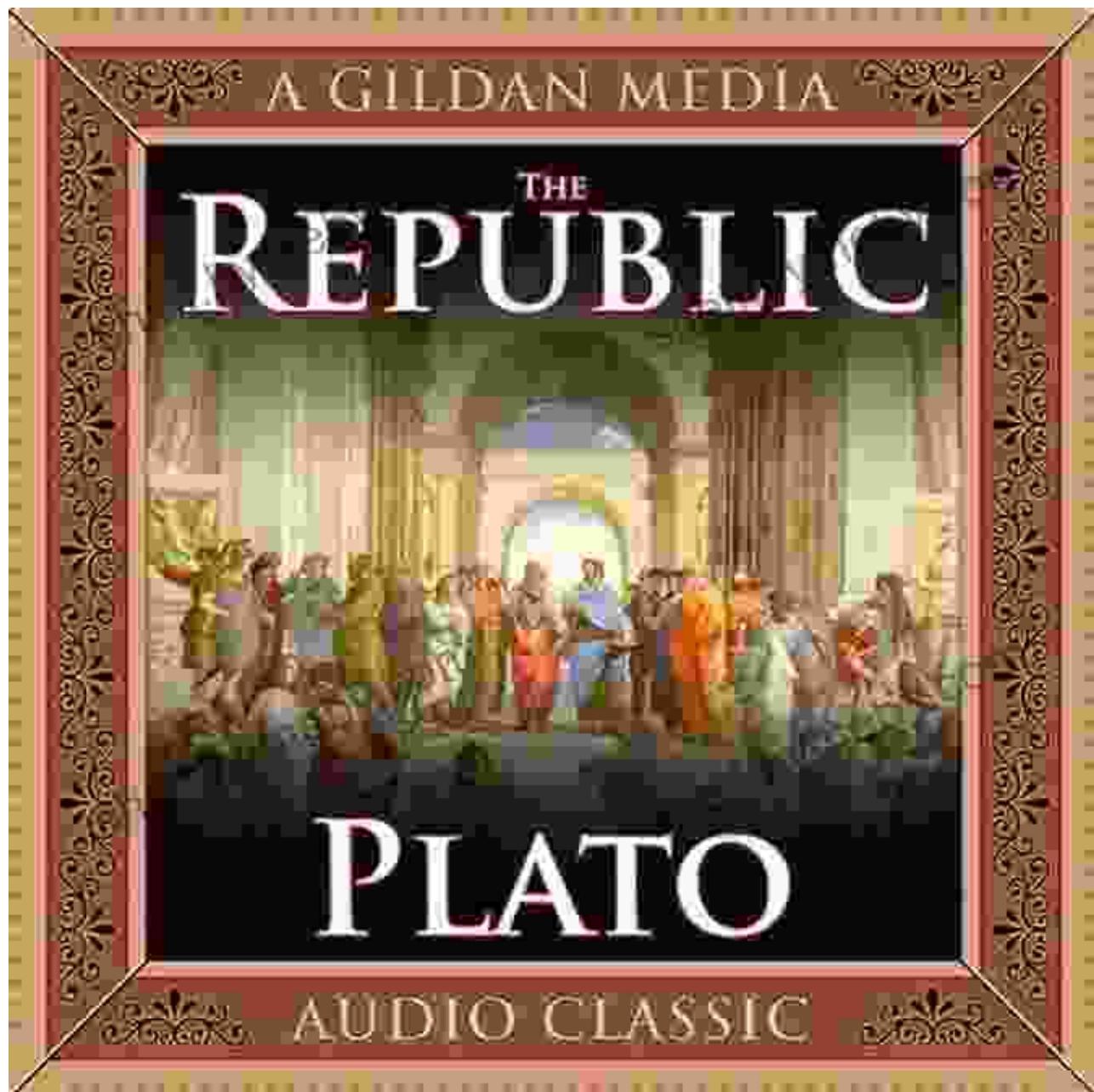
BOOKS THAT SHOOK THE WORLD

HOMER'S
The ILIAD and
The ODYSSEY



These two epic poems tell the story of the Trojan War and the return of Odysseus to his homeland. They are filled with adventure, tragedy, and wisdom, and they offer a timeless glimpse into the human condition.

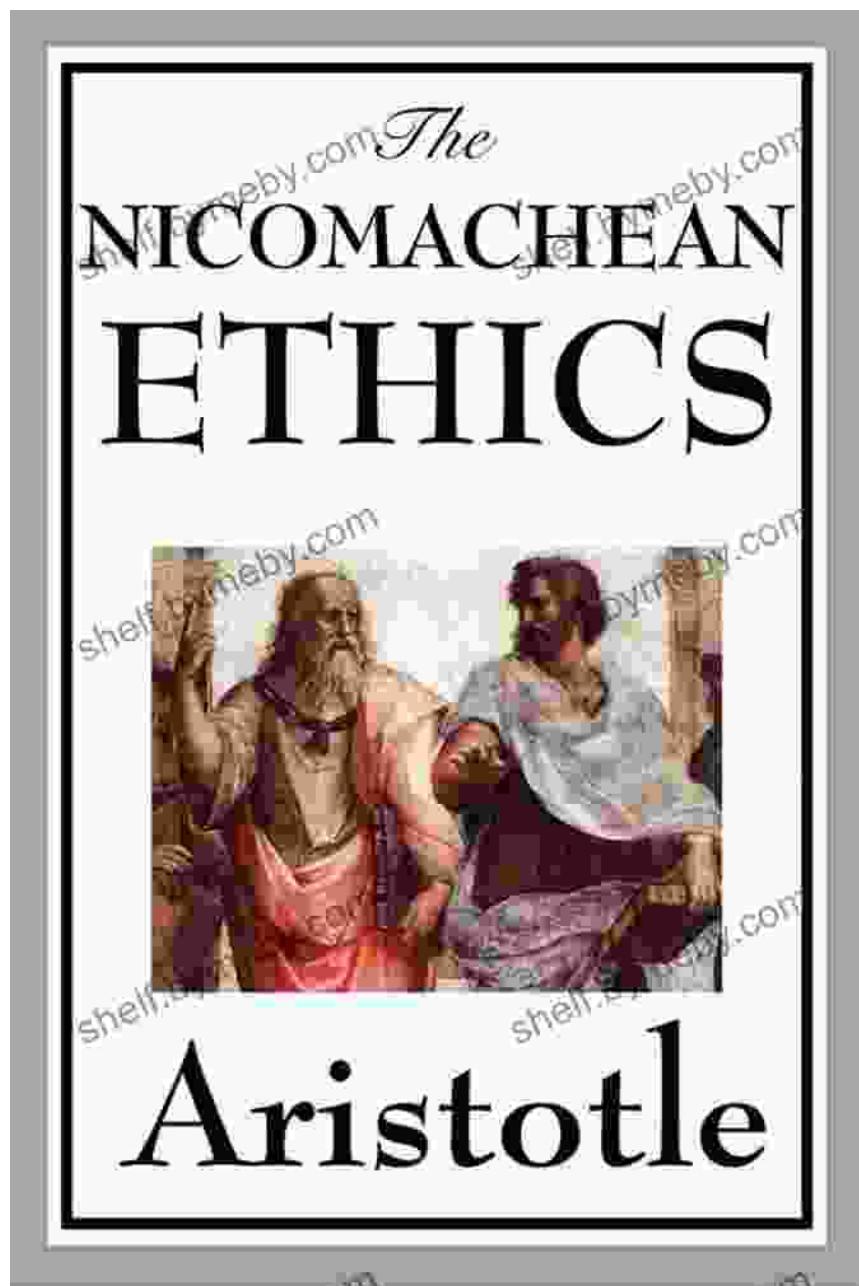
2. The Republic by Plato



The Republic is a dialogue written by the ancient Greek philosopher Plato. It is one of the most influential works of Western philosophy and has had a profound impact on political and social thought.

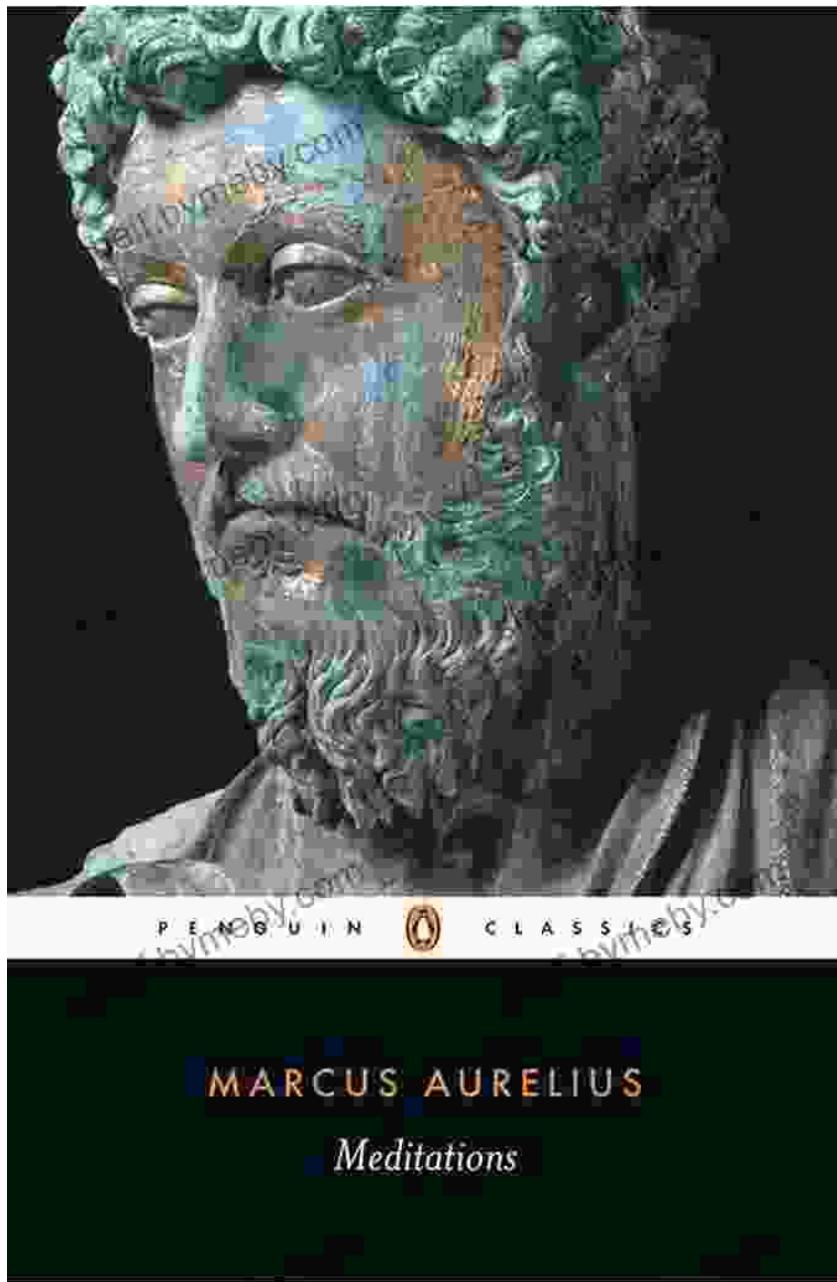
In The Republic, Plato explores the nature of justice, the ideal state, and the good life. He argues that true justice is not found in following the laws of society, but in living in accordance with the laws of nature.

3. The Nicomachean Ethics by Aristotle



In *The Nicomachean Ethics*, Aristotle explores the nature of happiness and the good life. He argues that happiness is the ultimate goal of human life and that it can be achieved through living a virtuous life.

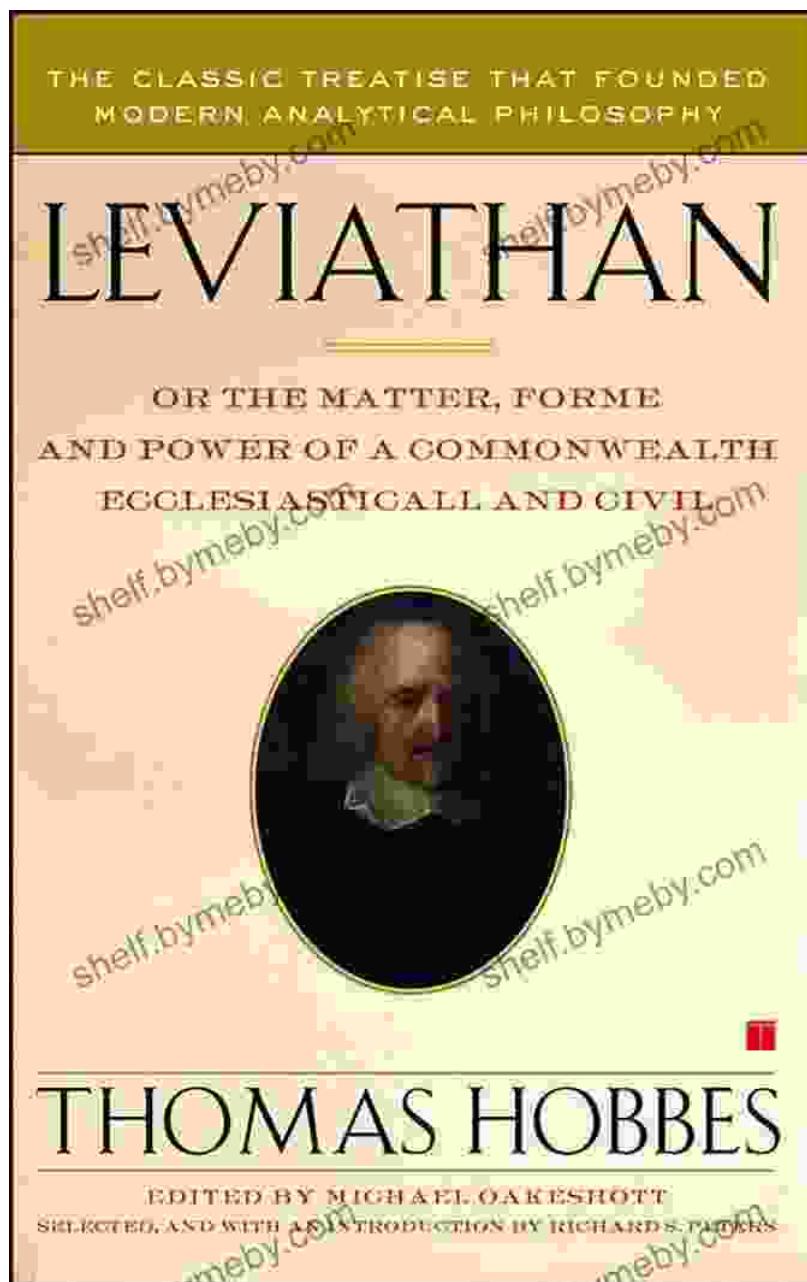
4. Meditations by Marcus Aurelius



Meditations is a collection of personal writings by the Roman emperor Marcus Aurelius. It is a classic work of Stoic philosophy and has been a source of inspiration for many centuries.

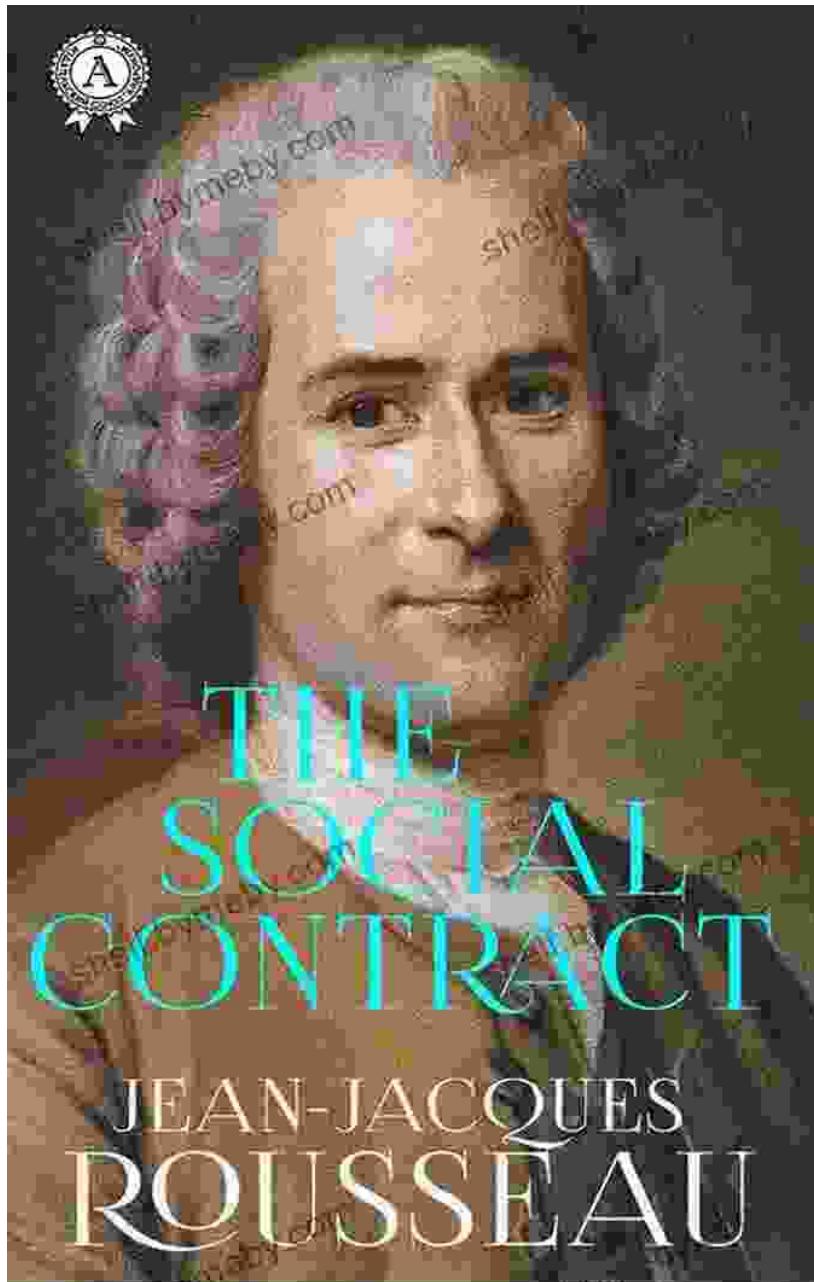
In Meditations, Marcus Aurelius reflects on the nature of life, death, and the good life. He offers practical advice on how to live a virtuous life and how to cope with adversity.

5. The Leviathan by Thomas Hobbes



In *The Leviathan*, Hobbes argues that human beings are naturally selfish and competitive. He believes that the only way to create a stable society is to give up our individual freedoms to a sovereign power.

6. The Social Contract by Jean-Jacques Rousseau

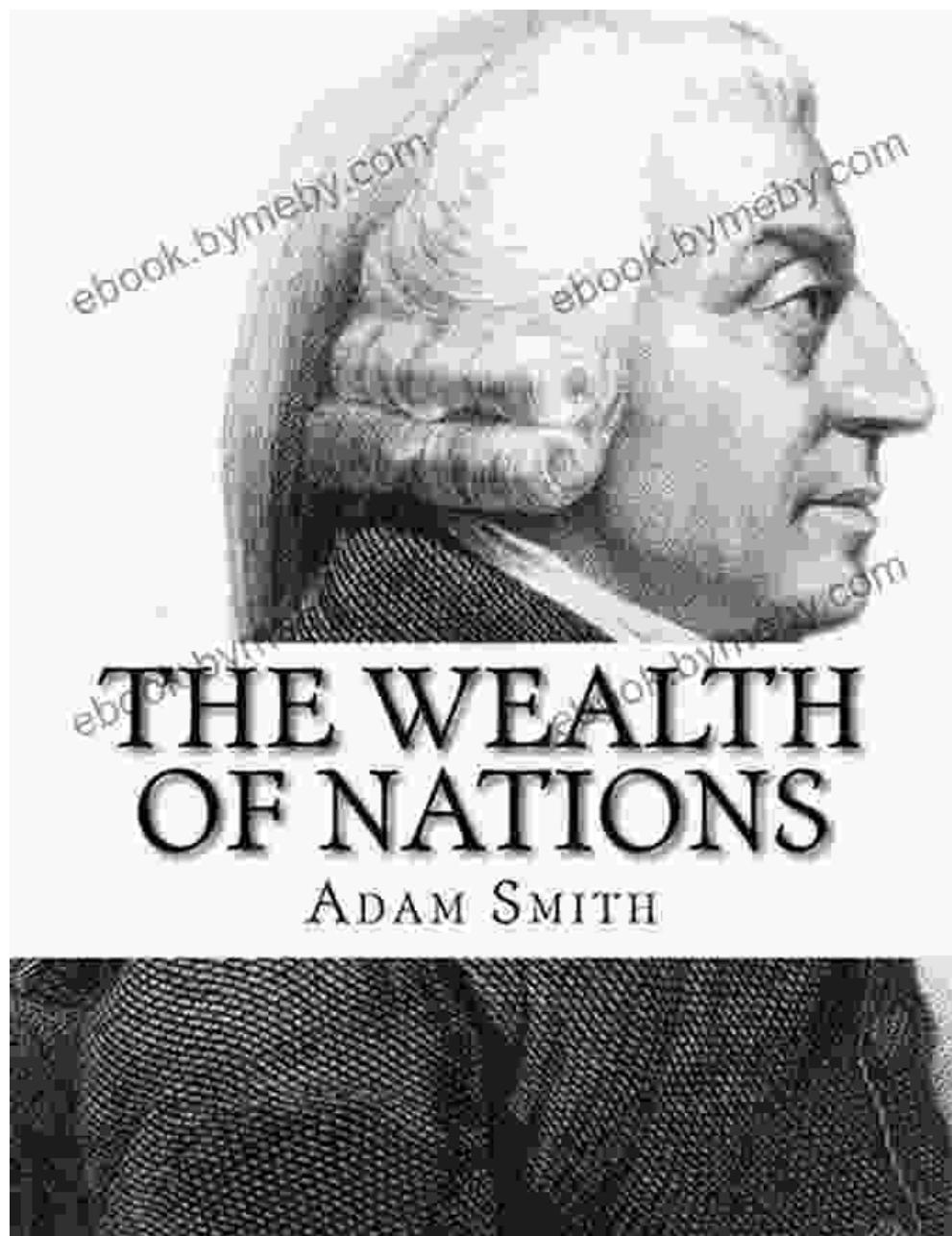


The Social Contract is a treatise on political philosophy written by the French philosopher Jean-Jacques Rousseau. It is one of the most influential works on the subject ever written and has had a profound impact on Western thought.

In The Social Contract, Rousseau argues that the only legitimate government is one that is based on the consent of the governed. He

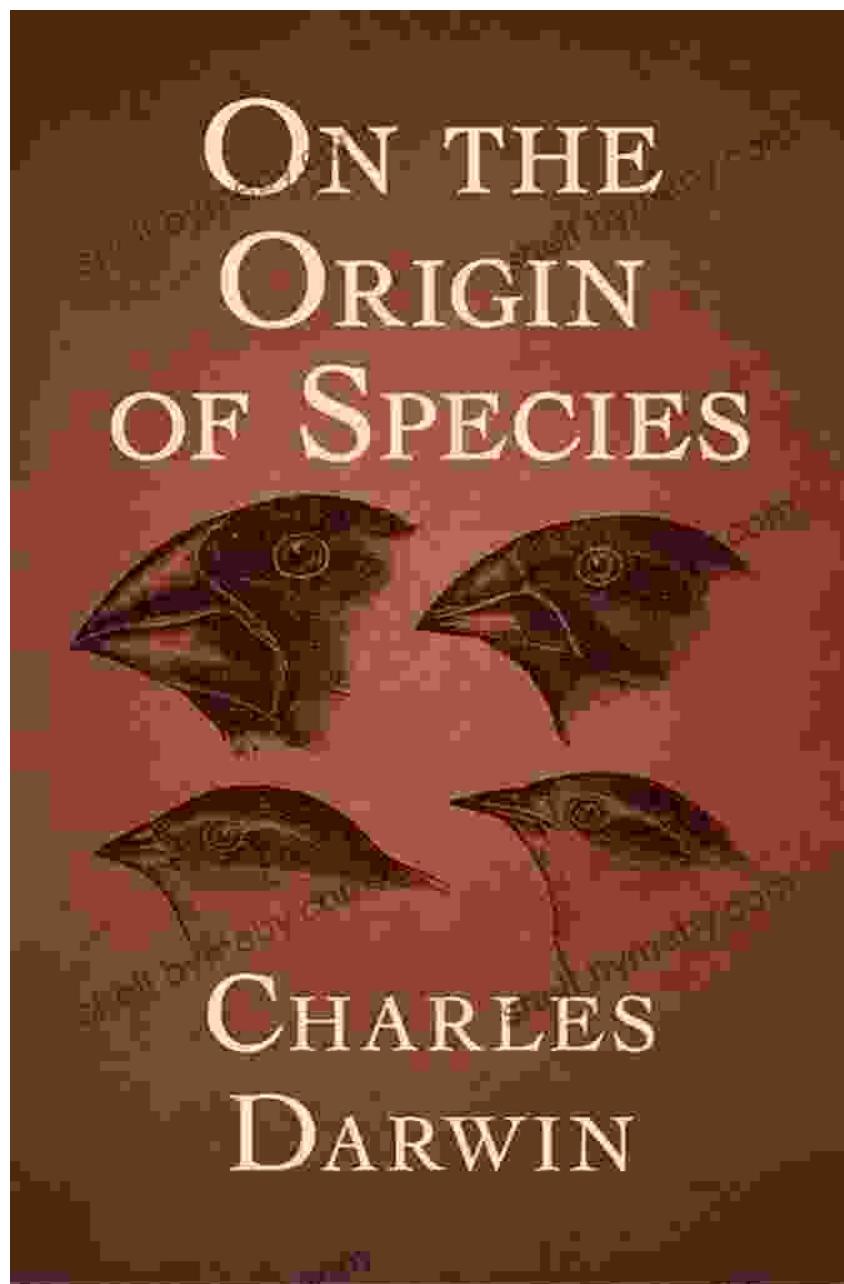
believes that all citizens are equal and that they have the right to participate in the making of the laws that govern them.

7. The Wealth of Nations by Adam Smith



In *The Wealth of Nations*, Smith argues that the free market is the best way to create a prosperous society. He believes that the pursuit of individual self-interest will lead to the greatest good for all.

8. On the Origin of Species by Charles Darwin

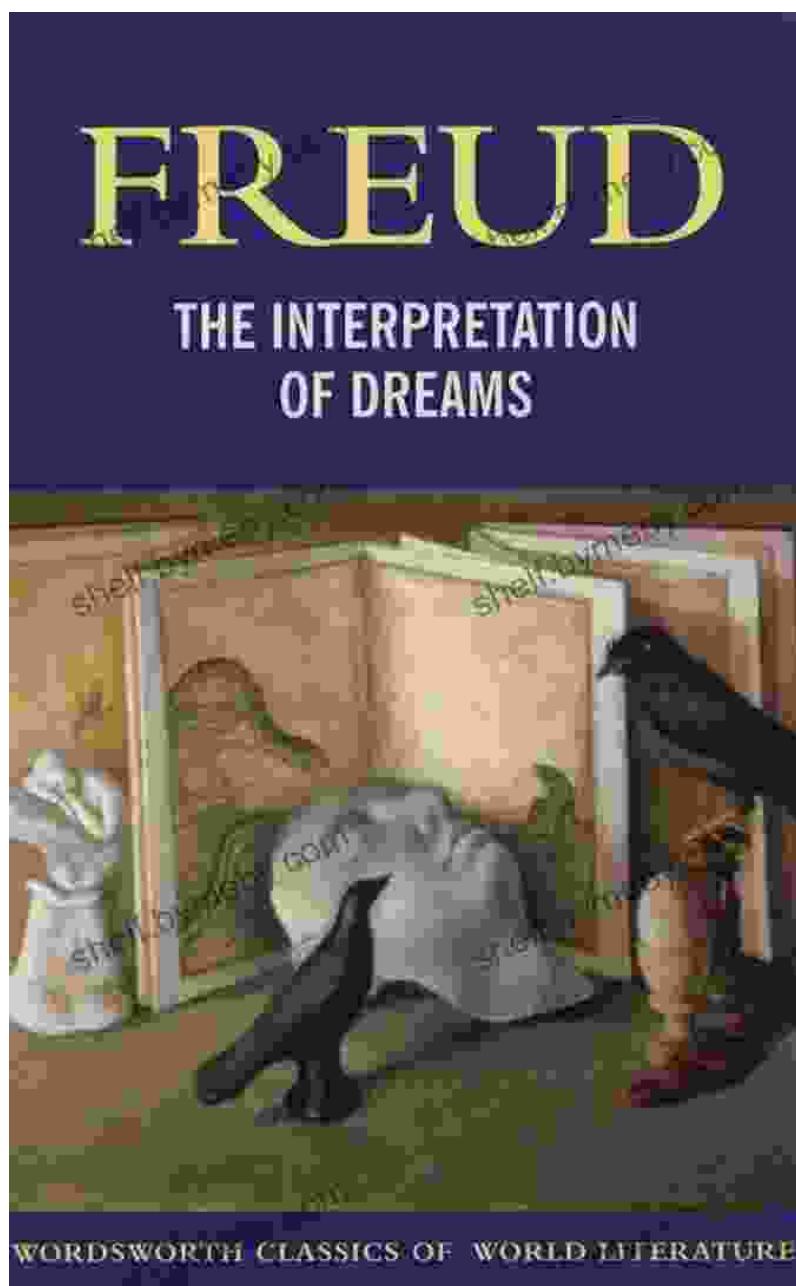


On the Origin of Species is a book on evolutionary biology written by the English naturalist Charles Darwin. It is one of the most influential works on the subject ever written and has had a profound impact on scientific thought.

In On the Origin of Species, Darwin argues that all species are descended from a common ancestor through a process of natural selection. He

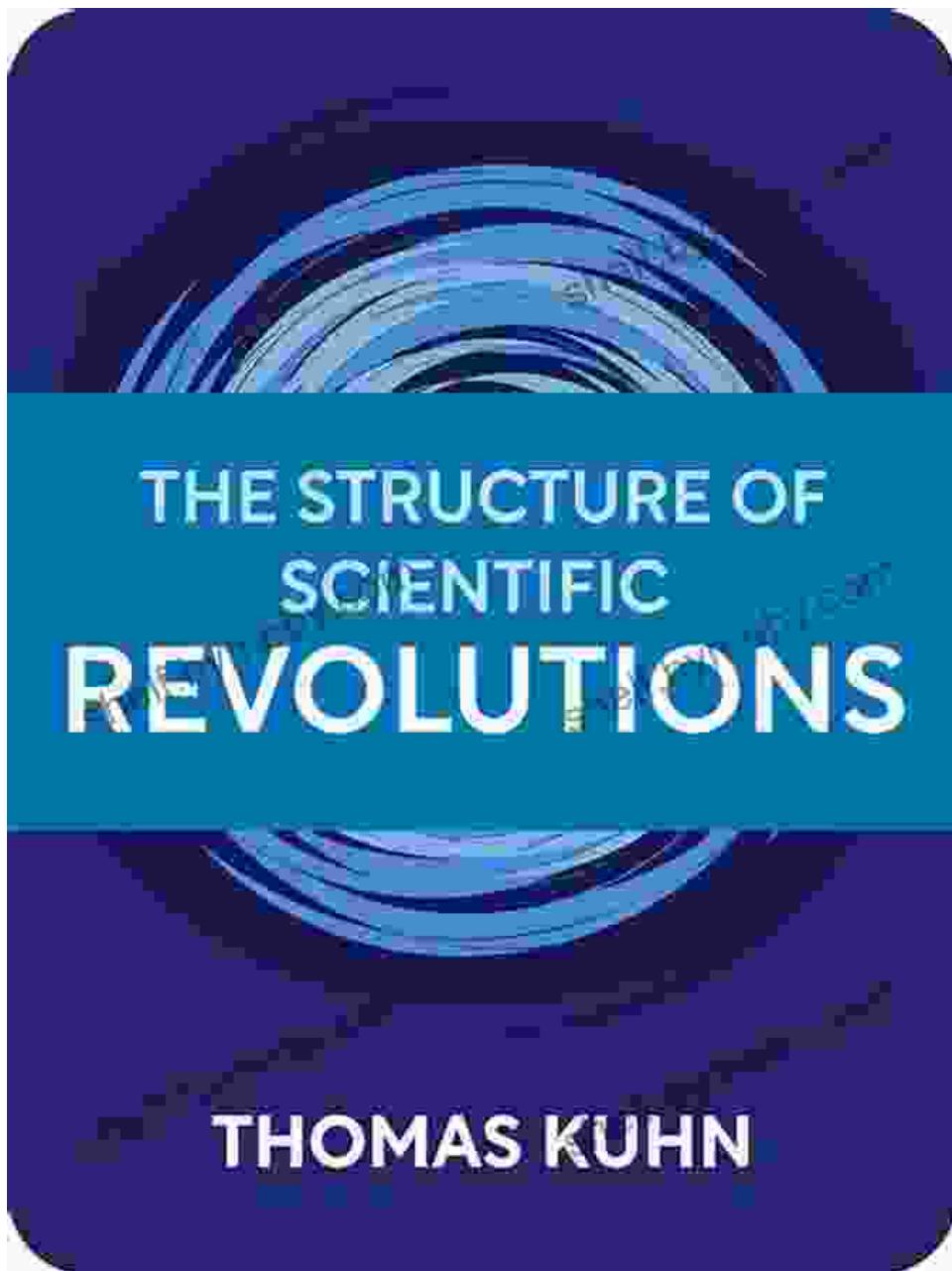
believes that the fittest individuals are more likely to survive and reproduce, passing on their genes to the next generation.

9. The Interpretation of Dreams by Sigmund Freud



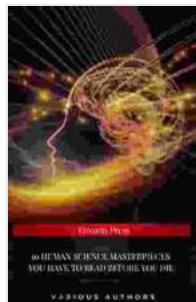
In *The Interpretation of Dreams*, Freud argues that dreams are a window into the unconscious mind. He believes that dreams can reveal our hidden desires, fears, and conflicts.

10. The Structure of Scientific Revolutions by Thomas Kuhn



The Structure of Scientific Revolutions is a book on the history and philosophy of science written by the American historian and philosopher of science Thomas Kuhn. It is one of the most influential works on the subject ever written and has had a profound impact on scientific thought.

In *The Structure of Scientific Revolutions*, Kuhn argues that science progresses through a series of revolutions. He believes that the old theories are replaced by



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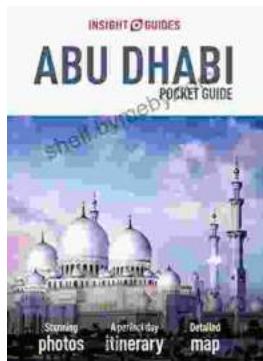
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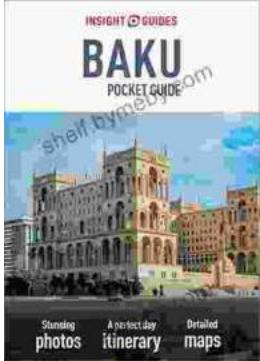
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